

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1882.

Advertisements inserted in the Daily Democrat, have an insertion in our Evening Edition, gratis.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN FRANKFORT.

We glean from the Frankfort Yeoman, of yesterday, that a dreadful fire occurred in that city on Monday morning about 2 o'clock. It commenced in the two-story building on Main street, owned by Thos. N. Lindsey, Esq., and occupied by Mr. E. L. Samuel as a grocery store, and soon extended to Dr. Crocker's three-story building adjoining, on the corner of Main and Ann streets, and the dwelling house, on Ann street, belonging to Mr. Perry, of Missouri, occupied by Mrs. Kendle; all of which were entirely consumed. They were all substantial brick buildings. That of Dr. Crocker was occupied in part by himself as a drug store, a part by Mr. J. P. O'Hara as a leather store, and the third story by Phoenix Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Thos. N. Lindsey's building, value \$3,600—insured \$1,500. Dr. Crocker's building, value \$2,000, insurance \$2,000. His stock was mostly saved, and was insured at one thousand five hundred dollars. Perry's building, value one thousand five hundred dollars—insured one thousand dollars. E. L. Samuel's stock, value four thousand five hundred dollars—insured three thousand dollars. O'Hara's loss about one hundred dollars, no insurance. The Phoenix Lodge lost everything, but are fully insured in four hundred dollars. Total loss twelve thousand five hundred dollars, in surplus nine thousand four hundred dollars.

Several other buildings were slightly damaged. If the wind had been from an opposite direction, much heavier and severer losses would have been sustained in our city, as in that event the fire would probably have swept nearly the whole of Main, if not other streets.

Carey H. Fry, Esq., was the holder of the ticket (No. 496) which drew the plans at Simon's Prize Contest last night.

Our correspondent at Washington speaks of the discussion about Dixon's right to a seat, as a contest between Dixon and Meriwether. We don't understand the latter as claiming the seat.

The cars on the New Albany and Nicholas Railroad crossed the White River bridge, at Bedford, yesterday, for the first time.

After the great contest was over, last night, a chap, who was not exactly satisfied with the "drawings," attempted to draw a gentleman's purse from his pocket, but was caught in the act. He managed to escape however, receiving a heavy blow from the gentleman's cane as he retreated.

RAILROAD PROGRESS IN KENTUCKY.—The road from Mayville to Lexington will soon be opened. There are now 600 hands on the line between Paris and Lexington, and over 1800 between Mayville and Lexington, making more than 2500 laborers in all. The directors expect to have the Mayville and Big Sandy railroad under contract, and the work progressing early in the Spring.

A factious whig politician—while looking at the rising whig majorities against his party in most of the States—feels that this will be known in history as the big lick campaign.

Old Bull, Stokess, and Signorini Patti, arrived here yesterday on the Gen. Pike from St. Louis, and proceeded to Lexington, where they intend giving one or more concerts.

Persons in want of a good dwelling house, or good servants, are referred to Mr. N. L. Pettit's advertisement in another column.

For LIBERIA.—Thirty-four negroes from this State, and several from this city, leave on the Georgetown-to-day, for Liberia. They are in charge of Rev. A. M. Cowan.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that O. I. Harrison & Co., 81 Fourth street, between Main and Market, offer their entire stock of staple and fancy Dry Goods at prime cost, for cash, until the first of January, 1883. The stock of this house is large and diversified, selected by competent hands, and contains all articles usually found in a well-arranged dry goods establishment.

After a long and intimate acquaintance with the above firm, we can assure our readers that when O. I. Harrison & Co., advertise to sell goods at prime cost, they mean to do exactly what they say, and no humbug about it. Therefore, those wanting good articles at prime cost, will avail themselves of the above opportunity.

The flourishing town of Rising Sun, Ind., is now in telegraphic communication with this city, through the energy of Mr. S. F. Covington, of that place.

Mr. Brewer, the artist, is lying dangerously ill at St. Louis.

HORRID MURDER.—A young man named Gwyn, murdered his own sister near Winchester, Tenn., last week. The young man wanted to get some money that belonged to his father; his sister found out his intention and communicated it to her father. This so enraged the young man that he swore vengeance against his sister—and told her that he would kill her if he had to cut her throat while she slept. Two or three days afterwards, in the absence of the rest of the family, he procured a pistol, walked deliberately up to her and shot her in the forehead, killing her instantly.

The People's Theatre at St. Louis is doing a splendid business.

A young Irishman, named Stephen Cantwell, was arrested at Indianapolis on Saturday, charged with forging a check on David Macy of that city, for \$500.25 which was paid by the banking house of S. A. Fletcher.

A man named Bone, who fled from Cairo a short time since, on account of having killed another by the name of Symons, has been arrested and is now in the Ballard county jail.

The remains of M'lie Baron, the unfortunate danseuse, were shipped on board the Amaranth at St. Louis, on Sunday, for France.

A man named Jewell has just been convicted of murder in the first degree at Pittsburgh, for the killing of Samuel Mitchell.

Mr. McGiboney, the City Marshall of Montgomery, Ala., who figured in the Critt matter at Cleveland, killed a man named Gibbs, in Montgomery, on the 19th ult., while executing him from the house of a widow woman, whom the fellow had been annoying. The authorities excused the act.

Williams, who escaped from the Missouri State Penitentiary, a few days ago, has been recaptured.

The man who "don't take the papers," reached town last night. He was much surprised to learn that Pierce was elected President.

George Cantwell has been sentenced to fifty years imprisonment at St. Louis for the murder of his wife.

RIVER NEWS.

NAVIGATION.—We learn from the St. Louis Republican of Saturday, that the river at that point commenced rising on Thursday night, and up to Friday evening had risen about two inches. The rise is doubtless from the Illinois, which stream is reported as rising rapidly from Littledown. The Amazonia, from the latter point, reports seven feet water in the channel all the way down. The canal was open and boats passing through when she left. The Missouri is also rising. The J. M. Glendennin, from Miami, reports seven feet in the channel from that point to the mouth. The Upper Mississippi is falling from Galena to the mouth of the Illinois. The flat boats down report but 30 inches on the Lower Rapids.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The splendid steamer Georgetown, Capt. A. McPherson, leaves for New Orleans today. She is a staunch and swift boat, and passengers going South will do well to engage a berth in her. Messrs. Benedict and Carter, are agents.

A new boat called the Tecumseh, is about completed at Cincinnati, for the New Orleans trade. She will be commanded by Capt. D. J. Pierce.

The Clipper No. 2, Capt. Bunce, is the regular packet for Henderson to-day.

The Sacramento for Arkansas river yesterday, loaded down to the guards with various kinds of produce.

We are indebted to Geo. W. Steed, clerk of the Gen. Pike, and Mr. A. A. Williams, mail agent, for St. Louis papers, memoranda, &c.

The new boat for the Jeffersonville Ferry company, has been towed down to the wharf at Jeffersonville, and will soon be completed.

The Gen. Pike is the regular packet for St. Louis to-day. She is in command of that well-known and efficient officer, Capt. Woolfolk, (formerly clerk of the Delaware,) who succeeds Capt. J. H. Jones.

DROWN IN THE CANAL.—A lady in ill health, in company with her husband, died in the canal on the Madison Railroad at Franklin on Saturday last. She resided in Rush county, a short distance from Rushville, and was on a trip for the benefit of her health. When the cars arrived at Franklin, the passengers got out to dinner, and when they returned, the unfortunate woman was dead. She died either of suffocation from the smoke of the coal stove or from the motion of the cars. We do not learn her name. The family being poor, a subscription was raised by the passengers and handed to the husband.

The second auditor of Virginia has recently made his report on the Fund of Internal Improvements, from which it appears that the receipts from dividends and interest during the past fiscal year were \$345,990. The receipts from loans were \$3,060,102.

The produce investments belonging to the fund reach \$3,743,013; and there are of subscriptions available, but not productive, \$13,129,975. The State is yet liable to be called on for \$2,584,222 on account of subscriptions promised prior to the 1st October last.

The aggregate existing debt of the Commonwealth is stated to be \$14,855,928.

Several prisoners who were confined in the jail at Edwardsville, Illinois, a short time since, made their escape. The sheriff of the county has offered a reward of two hundred dollars for their recovery.

A Vermont Judge was lately indicted for selling liquor, owned by the town, said his name, and proceeded right up to the trial of other offenders under the same statute by which he had just been brought to law. Even handed justice.

LEAVING A SINKING SHIP.—The Eastport (Me.) Sentinel, heretofore a whig paper, has practically exemplified its belief in the current idea that the whig party is to go into dissolution, by itself leaving the whig ranks and coming out an independent paper. The Sentinel says:—"We shall now act with no particular party, (as at present constituted,) until one is formed that we can go with, heart and soul, and vote without sacrificing either morality or manhood."

It would seem that the editor of the Sentinel in adhering to the whig party up to this time, has done so at the sacrifice of his morality and manhood? But he is out of the concern now, and can no doubt breathe freer and deeper.

A new locomotive is in course of construction in England on a novel principle, not disclosed. A trial experiment of one of these engines is said to establish the principle—Within 45 minutes after the fire was lighted, there was a pressure of steam in the boilers equal to a hundred lbs. on the inch. The power of this engine when running at high velocity is calculated at no less than 640 horses, and it will attain a long sustained speed of 70 miles an hour!

INTERESTING DECISION.—Maria Bracker, a free colored woman, was brought before the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Md., a few days ago, for coming into this State contrary to law, which imposed a fine of \$80 for the first, and \$500 for the second offence. It was proven that she resided in Delaware previous to 1848, and since then in Maryland, but as the law of 1777, chap. 6, requires the suit to recover the penalty to be commenced within one year from the time the offence was committed, she was discharged.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—The Virginia House of Delegates, on Monday, passed a bill increasing the capital stock of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Company \$1,500,000—also a bill increasing the stock of the Manassas Gap Road \$160,000. The bill concerning the Atterly line of steamers was taken up. Dr. Anderson offered a substitute, and then the bill was made the order of the day for the 14th. In the Senate resolutions of respect to Messrs. Clay and Webster were adopted.

DECISION ON GAMBLING.—Judge Perry, of Washington county (Md.) Circuit Court, last week decided that the act of 1842, to prohibit gambling was intended to include playing with cards for money, at a table kept or controlled by some person on the premises where such playing was to take place. Where the playing was without the house, or knowledge of the owner of the house, no offence against the law is committed. Under this decision, one man was fined \$100, and another \$25, for keeping gaming tables.

VOTE OF VIRGINIA.—Considerable inquiry is made in relation to the vote of this State. The following statement, which we find in a late number of the Lynchburg Virginian, will not be varied one hundred votes by the official canvass. It is as follows:

In 139 counties officially heard from, the vote for Pierce is 70,851, and that for Scott is 56,255. The five remaining counties have been heard from accurately, so far as their majorities are concerned, but the total vote for each candidate is not received. They give 455 majority for Pierce, and his majority over Scott in the State 15,279.

[From the N. O. Crescent, 31 inst.]

LATER FROM TEXAS.—By the arrival yesterday of the steamship Louisiana, Capt. Smith, we have received dates from Galveston to the 30th ult., and a few of our exchanges from the interior.

BLOODY AFFRAY.—The San Antonio Western Texan says: A week or two since, during the feast at Piedras Negras, Mr. Edward Stevens, who had the contract for carrying the mail between this city and the Pass, was stabbed on the surveying party. He was immediately arrested, ironed, and cast into prison. The difficulty occurred at a dance. A letter from Eagle Pass, dated the 10th, to a gentleman in this city, states that on the night of the 9th, Stephens succeeded in making his escape, swam the river, and reached Eagle Pass in safety.

The same paper adds: A rumor has reached this city to the effect that Wild Cat is offering two dollars bounty to Americans who will join his command. It is supposed he is going against the revolutionists at Matamoros.

MYSTERIOUS.—There are now on St. Joseph's Island, says the San Antonio Ledger, some three hundred men. A mystery attends their movements. The truth is, they are Cuban volunteers. Another invasion is afoot.

A VISIT TO THE INDIANS.—The Western Texas says: Col. Capier, Indian Agent, has just returned from a visit to the Indians upon the head waters of the Llano. From Dr. Howard, who accompanied the Colonel, we learn that they met about six hundred Indians, to whom he gave presents and provision. The Indians were peaceably disposed, and appeared anxious to be under the control of the Government. A number refused to come in, but their Mexican captives would be taken from them. The predatory bands of those who acknowledge no control.

RAVINES.—The Galveston News says that the spiritual rappings are carried to a great extent in that city. Exhibitions are given in public bar-rooms.

MINED POPULATION.—Some idea of the mining character of the San Antonio population, says the Ledger, may be formed from the circumstance, that at the land sale the auctioneer and his associates, made their offers to conduct the sales in four different tongues, the English, Spanish, German and French.

REVOLUTION.—The Western Texan learns from Brownsville, by an extract from a letter, that Pablo Castillo, from Tampico, is stirring up another revolution. They claim to have \$50,000 on the way from Tampico to defray expenses—have refused to let any Americans join them, and will have nothing to do with Carraval. The Mexicans fear Carraval, because he was educated in the United States, and in many respects is an American in feeling. They cannot appreciate a man, whose visual range is ample enough to include any other country than Mexico, and who does not pretend to find all that is great and noble among their countrymen. They doubt any man who takes another government for a model, in preference to subscribing to their vague and unsatisfactory idea of republicanism. Hence his failure.

THE PUBLIC PRESS.—As a vehicle for the dissemination of popular intelligence, the Press acknowledges no superior. Its daily issues, with their never-ending variety of contents, changing with the advent of each additional revolution of the orb which we inhabit, carry every nook and corner of the republic, reaching with them the seeds of knowledge, broadcast, in a form at once the cheapest and best adapted to the tastes of our citizens.

Of course, the responsibilities of those in charge of this powerful auxiliary for the amelioration of the social and political condition of the country, can be neither limited or unimportant. The conductor of a public journal in our day, and especially of a daily newspaper, has become him a task of no ordinary magnitude, requiring the exercise of no little prudence and sagacity, as well as industry and perseverance. It is well required, no other avocation imposes so multifarious duties and responsibilities as that of the preparation of a daily paper—none where it is so difficult to avoid omission on one side or the other.

In performing his duties to himself and the public, therefore, the editor should be guided solely by his own judgment, acting conscientiously for the best, in all matters where it is necessary to assume responsibility. His readers are the public at large—anybody and everybody—and they look to the fruit of his labors for amusement, instruction, and information. They expect him to pass around the current topics of the day, to guide and direct their thoughts in appropriate channels, and to apprise them of all the incidents and outrages, of whatever kind, which occur in the course of each four and twenty hours. In the performance of these duties, he is necessarily brought in frequent contact with the vicious, as well as with the virtuous; the sinning and the sinned against—he is often called to decide. And yet the editor can and be a fallible human being. He has, too, but a single pair of eyes and ears, but one head and one mind, like each of his fellow-men. However ready, willing, and anxious he is, or may be, to perform his self imposed duties in a way to please everybody, he never has been and never will be, able fully to accomplish it. He is quite as liable to unintentional error or mistake as are his fellow-men; and just in proportion to the good or bad results of such unintentional and unavoidable errors and mistakes, he is entitled to the charity or censure of those for whom he caters.

Detroit Free Press.

POKE PACKING ON THE ILLINOIS RIVER.—At the principal points the business of slaughtering and packing porks is now under full headway, and we are inclined to believe that from fifty to sixty thousand head more will be killed this season than last. At Beardstown, Peoria, Pekin, and one or two other places, the increase in numbers will be fully fifty per cent. At Springfield there will be 20,000 against last year's 10,000; at East Moline, Lacon, Galena, and, in fact, from every place that we have heard, there will be a very considerable increase in the number packed. Prices now rule from \$5 to \$5.50 all the river, with generally more buyers than sellers at these high rates. A large quantity of barreled pork, lard, &c., is being put up on eastern orders. One house at Beardstown, Kreigh & Co., have a contract for 10,000 hams for New York, a portion of which has already reached this city, on its way to the East.

Business in this line is more backward on the Upper Mississippi, and it is doubtful whether there will be more than half as many hams packed as last year. At Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Oquawka, and other points, the work has fully commenced, and we have no doubt that any point as yet. Hogs on the Upper Mississippi rule a shade below Illinois prices.

LOST.—A BAY MARE, about 16 hands high, shod all round, white striped on her forehead; having on a white blanket and a buggy harness about 7 years old. She was lost yesterday near the Cincinnati mail landing. Whoever finds her, please to bring her to the office of the Democrat, where she will be suitably rewarded.

SOFT Felt Hats, of every description and style, are to be had very cheap at

POLLARD, FRATHER & SMITH.

POLICE COURT.

HON. JOHN JONES, JUDGE. Tuesday, Dec. 14. Joseph Niango—petty larceny—a quilt from Mrs. White. Bail in \$300 for one year. David Benson—suspicion of felony—he broke into a state room on board Steamer Mary Stevens; was a partner of the notorious Jim Duell. Bail in \$500 for one year. Docket Cases. Commonwealth vs. Enoch Riggle, indictment dismissed. Sarah McCoy, keeping a disorderly house—Fined \$125. Same, selling liquor without license. Fined \$25. Moses D. Levi, assault on Solomon Solms—Fined \$100. Not guilty. George Abrams, assault on Jas. Aldridge—Fined \$100. John Campbell, dealing faro. Fined \$500. James Carr, assault on Mary Millett. Jury could not agree and were discharged.

MEMENTO.

Who has ever felt that a Liberator of our friends would not be an acceptable present as a holiday remembrance? We have seen many gifts made on those occasions, and many that would cost much more than a Daguerreotype, and would be much less appreciated.

Those of our views will remember that KIMBALL & CO. have just received a new supply of Cases and Frames, of the latest styles, and we hope they will call on our splendid and assortment of Daguerreotypes, and we will be pleased to fill all the will of our patrons.

Instruction given in the art, and complete outfit furnished on the most reasonable terms. We hope the public will look upon our Daguerreotype, and we will be pleased to fill all the will of our patrons.

A. J. KIMBALL & CO., 101 N. 4th St. St. Louis.

A LONG NOSE.

"My dear," said a lady one morning at the breakfast table, "the end of your nose is dirty."

"Can't help it,"—she washed just as far as I could reach," was the laughing reply. "I have had it for the last year."

THE GREAT KENTUCKY REMEDY.

DR. GEORGE H. KENT'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF... (Text continues with details of the remedy's benefits for various ailments, including lung issues, coughs, and general weakness. It mentions the use of the remedy in the West and its popularity among the people.)

SENATE.—After a long debate in regard to filled vacancies in the various committees, the Chair was adjourned till 11 o'clock. Mr. Chase presented the resolutions of the Ohio Legislature in favor of the distribution of the public lands to actual settlers. The debate on the Kentucky contested election was resumed. Mr. Mangum withdrew his amendment. Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, moved an amendment declaring Mr. Dixon a Senator from Kentucky. Mr. Mason was in favor of referring the matter to a committee. Mr. Underwood supported Mr. Dixon's claim, citing many precedents, and continued his argument till 3 o'clock.

HOUSE.—Mr. Brooks's resolution, in regard to referring that portion of the message relating to the tariff to a special committee, was taken up. Mr. Jones, of Pa., opposed the resolution, and said that, although there was a surplus in the Treasury now, we might soon find ourselves with a deficiency; and he intimated the probability of war. He also expressed the opinion that in less than twelve months we shall find France, backed by the power of the United States, to the question whether or not a foreign government shall gain a foothold on our continent.

The debate on the tariff question was continued at great length, when the committee arose without definite action. The House then adjourned.

From New York, Dec. 14. The Article has arrived, bringing Liverpool dates of Dec. 1st.

Cotton—Sales for four days were 23,000 bales at an advance of 1¢. Speculators took 10,000 bales and closed at 10¢. Orleans fair is quoted at 6¢, middling at 5¢. The Article had 71 passengers. She passed a steamer on Monday which she supposed was the Baltic.

The Africa arrived at Liverpool on the 29th, at night.

Tabasco dates are to the 21st. Civil war had broken out, and two battles had been fought; 400 Mexican troops were killed. The revolutionists have captured two small towns.

Tabasco is inundated, and boats are used to traverse the streets.

Groceries—Sales 2,500 bbls sugar at steady prices. Sales 30,000 bbls corn meal 88¢; sale 700 bbls whisky at 25¢ to 25¢, market tending downward. Sales 400 bbls mess pork at 13¢ 3/4, and firm; cheese 5 to 9¢; sugar 5 to 3¢.

ALBANY, Dec. 14. The seminary at Richmondville was burnt this morning. 300 pupils were sleeping when the fire broke out. They escaped with their clothes. Loss \$14,000, insured.

From Philadelphia, Dec. 13. John Sykes, an Englishman, formerly in the employ of Isaac Reed, has absconded, swindling various persons out of \$2,000 and 29 gold watches, which have been found at pawn brokers. Also a forged check on the Farmer's Bank for \$500.

The grain store of C. H. Cummings, Water street, fell down this afternoon, caused by the great weight on the floors. One man is missing.

From Pittsburgh, Dec. 14. There are 4 feet 4 inches water and falling; weather clear cold.

From Cincinnati, Dec. 14. Whiskey advanced to 20¢; butter, cheese and groceries unchanged; dried apples \$1 25/37; cranberries at 75¢; sugar 37¢; T I salt 37¢. 2000 hogs packed up at 8¢ 7/8. 75 was refused for 1000 head—hogs new asking 7¢. Provisions unchanged; 500 hogs N 1 and 10¢ 1/2; 800 bbls for Madison delivered at 10¢ 1/2; 600 bbls pork \$16 7/8; 2000 bbls bulk sides and shoulders for February, 4¢ at 8¢ 7/8. The number of hogs received the past season 65,000, and for the season 225,600 against 206,630 last year.

From Wheeling, Dec. 14. The Royal Arch and Equinox, both from below, report the steamer Magnet is blown up at the head of Grand View Island, 55 miles below here. Abram Long, pilot, was killed, and four others mortally wounded, among whom is Mr. Beck of Pittsburgh. Five persons are missing. The clerk of West Wheeling is mortally wounded. The boat belonged to Wheeling.

From Charleston, Dec. 14. The Legislature will probably sit till Friday. Gov. Manning was inaugurated to-day.

From Massachusetts, Dec. 14. Sever (whig) re-elected Mayor by about 20 majority. The whigs have probably elected a majority of Aldermen. Lowell elects whig mayor and full board of Aldermen. Scudder (whig) elected to Congress from first district. Weston (freesoiler), second district—returns undecided.

Third district—Edmonds (whig) is elected. Fourth district—Lubin (whig) is elected. Sixth district—Banks (dem.) is probably elected. Seventh district—Wentworth (whig) is elected. Ninth district—Dunitt (freesoiler) is elected. Tenth district—Edward Dickinson (whig) is elected.

From Baltimore, Dec. 14. Albion's concert was largely attended. Sonnet arrived at 10 o'clock. She is to be surrounded at 11 o'clock. The tickets for her first concert are all sold.

LATEST STREAK

Dr. Gwynett's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock & Sarsaparilla!

THIS compound fluid extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, has been prepared with the most refined and pure ingredients, and is adapted to cleanse the blood, to remove all impurities, to cure all skin diseases, to strengthen the system, and to give health and vigor to the whole body. It is a most valuable remedy for all who are afflicted with any of the above complaints, and is sold by all druggists and chemists.

CONGRESSIONAL.

XXXIX CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14. Senate.—Mr. Atchison in the Chair—owing to the illness of Mr. King.

Mr. Davis presented petitions asking for the operations of the late steamboat law to be suspended for a time.

Mr. Brodhead gave notice of a bill changing the bounty land law so as to give all 160 acres of land.

Mr. Davis called the attention of the Senate to that portion of the President's Message alluding to Webster's death. He then delivered an eloquent eulogy upon the deceased.

House.—Stuart was appointed to the committee on commerce. The resolution referring the President's Message to the appropriate committees, was resumed. The discussion on the tariff was made by Mr. Meade, of Virginia, who urged the taking off the duties on railroad iron; arguing that it would promote railroad building, and thus conduce to the development of the resources of the country.

Mr. Staunton, of Ohio, gave his reasons for opposing an accumulation of the surplus in the treasury, and avowed himself in favor of a modification of the tariff, provided it did not affect the industry of the country.

Mr. Giddings introduced a slavery speech, remarking that the slave trade was the only kind protected. He said a man whose death was announced in the Senate put forth a programme, and carried it through by the influence of the executive; and each year the President has congratulated the country upon the protection afforded Southern slavery. He remarked that more fugitive slaves had passed into Canada in the last three months than ever before.

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